



Prof Scholtz is Professor in die Departement Dierkunde en Entomologie in die Fakulteit Natuur- en Landbouwetenskappe. Sy navorsingbelangstelling is die biologie en bewaring van insekte in die algemeen, maar hy word as wêreldleier beskou in die *Scarabaeoidea* (miskruiers). Prof Scholtz het 'n lang en voortreflike akademiese loopbaan agter die rug en het bykans 50 na-graadse studente vir hul meesters-en doktorsgrade voorberei.

Hy het ongeveer 180 wetenskaplike artikels in portuurbeoordeelde vaktydskrifte gelewer, en drie handboeke (twee die afgelope vyf jaar) en twee boeke vir kinders geskryf. Die meeste van sy navorsingswerke en sy twee mees onlangse boeke handel oor miskruiers.

Hy is lid van die American Coleopterists Society, die European Association of Coleopterology, die Entomologiese Vereniging van Suider-Afrika, die Dierkundevereniging van Suider-Afrika, die Suider-Afrikaanse Vereniging vir Sistematiese Biologie (SASSB), en 'n genoot van die Royal Entomological Society. Hy was President van twee vakkundige verenigings, die Entomologiese Vereniging van Suider-Afrika (in 1992 en weer in 1995) en die Suider-Afrikaanse Vereniging vir Sistematiese Biologie (2000). Prof Scholtz is vir sy navorsing vereer met talle toekennings, onder andere die Dozor and Friends of Ben Gurion-navorsingstoekening van die Ben Gurion-Universiteit in Israel, die British Council Travel Award en die Overseas Development Agency Visitorship Award. Hy het die Universiteit se Toekening vir Uitmennende Akademiese Presteerders by talle vorige geleenthede ontvang, en die Kanselierstoekening in die Kategorie Navorsing is twee keer aan hom toegeken. In 2004 het hy die Presidensiële Toekening van die Nasionale Navorsingstigting vir toonaangewende internasionale navorsing ontvang. In 2008 is hy deur die Universiteit van Pretoria erken as een van die 100 voorste navorsers in die eerste 100 jaar van die Universiteit se bestaan. Hy het 'n B1-gradering van die NNS.

---

Prof Scholtz is a Professor in the Department of Zoology and Entomology in the Faculty of Natural and Agricultural Sciences. His research interests are the biology and conservation of insects in general, but he is considered a world leader in *Scarabaeoidea* (dung beetles). Prof Scholtz has had a long and distinguished academic career and has trained about 50 master's and doctoral postgraduate students during his career.

He has published some 180 refereed papers, three textbooks (two during the past five years) and two children's books. Most of his research publications and two most recent books published were on dung beetles.

He is a member of the American Coleopterists Society, the European Association of Coleopterology, the Entomological Society of Southern Africa, the Zoological Society of Southern Africa, the Southern African Society for Systematic Biology (SASSB) and is a Fellow of the Royal Entomological Society. He served as President of two professional societies, the Entomological Society of Southern Africa (1992, 1995) and the SASSB (2000). Professor Scholtz has won numerous awards for his research, including the Dozor and Friends of Ben Gurion Award for Research from the Ben Gurion University of the Negev in Israel, the British Council Travel Award and the Overseas Development Agency Visitorship Award. He has been a recipient of the UP Outstanding Academic Achiever Award repeatedly since its inception, and has twice received the Chancellor's Award in the Category Research. In 2004 he received the National Research Foundation President's Award for international research leadership. In 2008 he was recognised by the University of Pretoria as one of the 100 top researchers in the University's 100-year history. He has a B1-rating from the NRF.

---

Prof Scholtz ke profesa ka Kgoro ya Thutadiphoofolo le Thutadikhunkhwane Dikgahlego tša gagwe tša dinyakišišo di go payolotši le pabalelo ya dikhunkhwane ka kakaretšo, eupša o tšewa bjalo ka moetapele wa lefase wa *Scarabaeoidea* (dikgobaboloko).

Prof Scholtz o šomile ka bothakga go tša thuto lebaka le letelele, gape o hlahlile baithuti ba 50 ba maphoskratšuweiti a bongaka le mastase lebakeng ka moka la mošomo wa gagwe.

O phatlaladitše dipampiri tšeo di sekasekilwego tše 180, dipuku tša go bala tše tharo (tše pedi mo lebakeng la mengwaga ya go feta e mehlano) le dipuku tše pedi tša bana. Bontši bja diphatlalatšo tša dinyakišišo tša gagwe le dipuku tša malobanyana mo tše pedi di ka ga dikgobaboloko.

Ke leloko la Mokgatlo wa Amerika wa Dikholeoptheriste, Mokgatlo wa Yuropa wa Kholeoptherolotši. Mokgatlo wa Thutadikhunkhwane wa Borwa bja Afrika, Mokgatlo wa Thutadiphoofolo wa Borwa bja Afrika, Mokgatlo wa Afrika-Borwa wa Payolotši ya Sestemeki (SASSB) le bogwera bja Mokgatlo wa Thutadikhunkhwane wa Royal. O kile a ba mopresidente wa mekgatlo e mebedi ya profeseinale e lego, Mokgatlo wa Thutadikhunkhwane wa Afrika-Borwa (1992 & 1995) le SASSB (2000). Prof Scholtz o thopile difoka tša go balega bakeng sa dinyakišišo tša gagwe, go akaretšwa Sefoka sa Dozor le sa Bagwera ba Ben Gurion sa Dinyakišišo go tšwa go University of Ben Gurion go la Israel, Sefoka sa Boeti sa Khansele sa Brithania le Sefoka sa Boeng sa Lekala la Tlhabollo la Moše wa Mawatle. O fihleletše maemo a B1 go tšwa go NRF.